
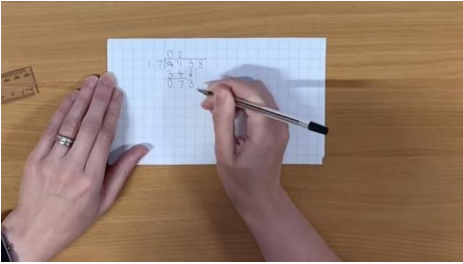


| Year | Addition + | Subtraction - | Multiplication x | Division ÷ |
|------|--|--|---|--|
| 6 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Add multi-digit numbers with more than 4 digits (with up to 3 decimal places), using formal written methods (columnar addition) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Subtract multi-digit numbers with more than 4 digits (with up to 3 decimal places), using formal written methods (columnar subtraction) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Divide numbers up to 4 digits (with up to 3 decimal places) by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Short division Long division |
| | <p><i>The same as Year 4 and 5 but with multi-digit numbers with more than 4 digits (and with up to 3 decimal places).</i></p> | <p><i>The same as Year 4 and 5 but with multi-digit numbers with more than 4 digits (and with up to 3 decimal places).</i></p> | <p>Multiplication of a four-digit number by a two-digit number.</p>  | <p><i>Consolidate understanding of using the formal written method for dividing three-digit number with up to 3 decimal places by one-digit number as outlined in Year 5.</i></p> <p>Division of numbers with up to four-digits and three decimal places, by a two-digit whole number.</p> $4138 \div 17 = 243 \text{ r } 7$ <p>Long Division</p>  |